In your assigned groups:

1. You will be loaned $\$ 2000$
2. You must set aside $\$ 200$ (transportation) and \$300 (living expenses) each round (year)
3. You must decide which items to farm (crops/livestock)
4. Assign a recorder to document items farmed
5. Set a goal for how much money you hope to make

## Farming Crops (\$50)

## FARMING

- The cost to plant crops is all the same.
- You can grow up to 160 acres of crops (16 items).

You may plant on all the land, or only part of it.

- You will buy your crops from the Crops Market.

SELLING CROPS
-They may sell for different prices depending on the market.

- You will learn what your investment return is after you turn in your crops to the market.


# Raising Livestock (\$5) RAISING 

- You may decide to raise livestock.
- You only need to pay for the cost of feed.
- You do not need to reserve farm land for livestock.
- At this time, public land could be used for this purpose.
SELLING LIVESTOCK
-They may sell for different prices depending on the market.
- You will learn what your investment return is after you turn in your crops to the market.



## THE YEAR: 1885 PLANTING CROPS/RAISING LIVESTOCK

## CROPS (\$50)



CORN


OATS


BEANS


FIELD
HAY


WHEAT


TOBACCO


BARLEY


FIELD
PEAS LIVESTOCK (\$5) [Maximum: 20 each]



## THE YEAR: 1885 OUTCOMES

A serious lack of early spring rain in July almost destroyed the wheat, barley, and oat crop in central Nebraska. The prices paid for corn, beans, field peas, and tobacco are up because of drought east of the Mississippi. Cattle prices are depressed because of large herds of range stock being sold in Texas. The price for sheep is up and the price paid for hogs is at an all time high.

| Item | Investment <br> Return |
| :---: | :---: |
| Corn | $\$ 100$ |
| Beans | $\$ 150$ |
| Wheat | $\$ 50$ |
| Barley | $\$ 100$ |
| Oats | $\$ 100$ |
| Field Hay | $\$ 100$ |
| Tobacco | $\$ 100$ |
| Field Peas | $\$ 100$ |
| Cattle | $\$ 5$ |
| Sheep | $\$ 10$ |
| Hogs | $\$ 15$ |

## Railroad tycoon

 Cornelius Vanderbilt has decided to charge you more to ship your items to East! This year you must set aside $\$ 400$ for transportation and \$300 for living expenses!
## THE YEAR: 1886 PLANTING CROPS/RAISING LIVESTOCK

## CROPS (\$50)




## THE YEAR: 1886 OUTCOMES

This was the coldest winter in history with temperatures of 60* below zero destroyed most of the cattle and hogs. Sheep prices are high. Abundant spring and summer rain throughout most of the state has produced excellent crops. The price of corn, wheat, barley, and oats is good and the price of tobacco and field peas remains the same. The bean crop has produced a small yield because of late frost and the field hay prices are depressed because of limited demand for hay.


## Uncertainties of Forming in the Gilded Age N

## Railroad tycoon Cornelius

 Vanderbilt has decided to charge you more to ship your items to East! This year you must set aside $\$ 500$ for transportation and $\$ 300$ for living expenses!
## THE YEAR: 1887

PLANTING CROPS/RAISING
LIVESTOCK

## CROPS (\$50)




## THE YEAR: 1887 OUTCOMES

Nature dealt a crushing blow to farmers in Nebraska. After a hot dry spring with little rain, a plague of grasshoppers infested the crops. Most crops are badly damaged. Cattle prices are very good, as the range herds have not yet recovered from the killing winter of '86. Sheep prices are depressed by hog prices are good.


## FARMING after 3 years

OUTCOMES - Have you made a

## profit?!

## Did you make a profit?

1. How much money did your "family" make?
2. Did your family make a lot of money?
3. Did your family make as much as you had hoped?
4. REMEMBER - you still have to pay back your \$2000 loan.

So, did you make a profit?

