

Unit 1 Review: The Global Tapestry (1200CE-1450CE)

Topic 1.1: Developments in East Asia from 1200-1450

Learning Objective 1: Explain the systems of government employed by Chinese dynasties and how they developed over time.

A. The Song Dynasty utilized traditional methods of Confucianism and an imperial bureaucracy to maintain and justify its rule.

Learning Objective 2: Explain the diffusion of Chinese cultural traditions to other areas of East Asia.

A. Chinese cultural traditions continued and influenced neighboring regions.

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| <p>B. Buddhism and its core beliefs continued to shape societies in Asia and included a variety of branches, schools, and practices</p> | |
| <p>Learning Objective 3: Explain the effects of innovation on the Chinese economy over time.</p> | |
| <p>A. The economy of Song China flourished as a result of increased productive capacity, expanding trade networks, and innovations in agriculture.</p> | |
| <p>B. The economy of Song China became increasingly commercialized while continuing to depend on free peasant and artisan labor.</p> | |

Topic 1.2: Developments in Dar al-Islam from 1200-1450

Learning Objective 2: Explain the causes and effects of the rise of Islamic states over time.

A. The religion of Islam expanded due to the activities of merchants, missionaries, and Sufis.

B. Muslim political rule expanded to many parts of Afro-Eurasia due to military conquest.

C. New Islamic political entities emerged, including the Seljuk Empire and Delhi Sultanates.

Learning Objective 3: Explain the effects of intellectual innovation in Dar al-Islam.

A. Muslim states and empires encouraged significant intellectual innovations and transfers.

Topic 1.3: Developments in South and Southeast Asia from 1200-1450

Learning Objective 1: Explain how and why various states of South and Southeast Asia developed and maintained power over time.

A. State formation and development demonstrated continuity, innovation, and diversity. This included the new Hindu and Buddhist states that emerged.

Topic 1.4: State Building in the Americas

Learning Objective 1: Explain how and why states in the Americas developed and changed over time.

A. In the Americas, as in Afro-Eurasia, state systems demonstrated continuity, innovation, diversity, and expansion.

Topic 1.5: State Building in Africa

Learning Objective 1: Explain how and why states in Africa developed and changed over time.

A. In Africa, as in Afro-Eurasia and the Americas, state systems demonstrated continuity, innovation, diversity, and expansion.

Topic 1.6: Developments in Europe from 1200-1450

Learning Objective 1: Explain the causes and consequences of political decentralization in Europe from 1200-1450.

A. Europe was politically fragmented due to the collapse of the Roman Empire. The new political structure was characterized by decentralized monarchies, feudalism, and the manorial system.

Learning Objective 2: Explain the effects of agriculture on social organization in Europe from 1200-1450.

A. Europe was largely an agricultural society dependent on free and coerced labor, including serfdom.